

- Show that each equation has roots between the stated values.
 - $x^3 - 3x^2 - 3x + 5$ between 3.4 and 3.6
 - $2x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 2$ between 1.41 and 1.44
 - $e^x - \sin(x)$ between 0.2 and 0.4
 - $3(\cos(x))^2 + 5\sin(x)$ between -0.6 and -0.4
 - $2e^x + 2x - x$ between 1.0 and 1.4
 - $\sin(3x) + \cos(2x)$ between -0.4 and -0.2
- Given the equation $y = x^3 - x^2 - 5x + 4$
 - show that it has a root between 2.40 and 2.39
 - sketch the graph showing intercepts and turning points
 - show that the equation for roots can be written as $x = \sqrt{x + 5 - \frac{4}{x}}$
 - show that the equation for roots can also be written as $x = \frac{1}{5}(x^3 - x^2 + 4)$
 - use both the equations (c and d) to find the root between 2.40 and 2.39 to 3dp
- Given the equation $y = 3x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 4$
 - show that it has a root between -1.4 and -1.5
 - sketch the graph showing intercepts and turning points
 - show that the equation for roots can be written as $x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{4}{3x}}$
 - use the equation to find a root to 3dp
- Sketch the graph of each function stating asymptotes and intercepts
 - $y = \ln(-x)$
 - $y = 2 + 5\ln x$
 - $y = \ln(5 - x)$
 - $y = (\ln x)^2$
 - $y = \ln(5x) + 5$
- Sketch $h(x) = 2 + \ln(3 - x)$
 - show the x and y intercepts
 - state the range and domain of $h(x)$
 - find the inverse function $h^{-1}(x)$
- Solve the following equations giving exact answers
 - $e^{3x} = 2^2$
 - $2e^{-x} = 5$
 - $3 \ln(x) = 2$
 - $\ln(2x - 1) = 6$
 - $3e^{3x} - 6 = 1$
 - $4e^{2x+1} = 12e^{x+2}$
 - $4 \ln\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) - 1 = 0$
- The functions m and n are valid for all real numbers are $m: x \rightarrow 2x - 1$ and $n: x \rightarrow 3e^{-2x}$
 - state the range of n
 - sketch m^{-1} and n^{-1}
 - how many roots are there to $m^{-1}(x) = n^{-1}(x)$
 - find $mn\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)$
- Solve the following equations giving the solution in terms of $\ln 3$
 - $e^{2x} = 9$
 - $e^{-5x} = \frac{1}{27}$
 - $2e^{3x} - 6 = 0$
- The price of a laptop can be modelled by the equation $P = 350 + e^{-\frac{t}{2}}$ where P is price in £s and t is age in years since purchase.
 - Calculate the price of the new laptop.
 - Calculate the price after 5 years.
 - When will it be worth less than £210?
 - Find its price at $t = \infty$.
 - Sketch P against t .
 - Is this an appropriate model?
- The function $h(x) = 20 - 5e^{4x}$ $\{x > 0, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
 - state the range of $h(x)$
 - find x to 2dp when $h(x) = 14$
 - find the exact value of the y - and x -intercepts
 - find $h^{-1}(x)$

- e. sketch $h^{-1}(x)$ stating its range and domain
11. The points P and Q lie on the curve $y = \frac{1}{2}e^{-x}$. The x -coordinate of P is $\ln(4)$ and the y -coordinate of Q is e^4 .
- Find the equation of the line that passes through P and Q, using exact values.
 - Find the value of the y -intercept of line through P and Q
 - Calculate the length of PQ.